Who can access Student Records at the University of Melbourne Archives?

Student records prior to 1986 in the form of student cards may be accessed by all interested researchers. If the last date on the card is over 75 years ago a scan of both sides of the card will be provided. Due to privacy concerns, records less than 75 years old cannot be accessed without the written permission of the former student or their next of kin, or proof of death (such a published obituary). If permission or proof of death is not provided, the UMA can confirm some details, such as degree conferred and date, but cannot provide a scanned card.

How can I request a student card?

Please request student cards online, here: http://library.unimelb.edu.au/readingroom

Select ‘make a request’ to register as a researcher, then select ‘student card’ from the menu on the request page. Need help with this process? Call the Reading Room on 03 8344 5380

For student records after 1986, please contact http://ask.unimelb.edu.au

How were the student cards prepared?

Information recorded on student record cards (accession numbers 1988.0051, 1991.0066, 1995.0071 and 2002.0005) began to be compiled from shortly before World War I in response to requests for confirmation of results or other reasons. In the late 1970s, a staff member worked systematically through all available primary records to compile from them a complete set of student record cards up until 1986, after which student records have been retained electronically.

Is the set complete and accurate?

While information in the 19th century fees books has not been captured systematically for all courses, few errors occur on these cards.

Sometimes a card is ‘not found’ by archivists. This generally indicates that a person was not a student of the University. In such cases, researchers are advised to check in the University calendars, as they include a record of graduates in the previous year. Calendars are digitised and available online https://digitised-collections.unimelb.edu.au. Search for ‘University of Melbourne Calendar collection 1858-’. Physical volumes are held by Special Collections and can be accessed in the Reading Room after lodging a request online, through the Reading Room.

A small number of students may not be represented in the main series of cards, particularly if they were studying single subjects and not formally enrolled at the University. Cards for music student may be found within 1999.0098 and 1981.0016. Some architecture students may be recorded in 1991.0010. Records of students studying at Melbourne Teachers' College 1936-1983 may be found within 2014.0089. Students at the Technical Teachers' College 1952-1970 and 1971-1972 may be found within 2014.0093 and 2014.0094 respectively. Place a request to check these records if the main set doesn’t hold the record you seek.
How do I cite a student card?

Most student cards are cited simply as  *Student card for (name), University of Melbourne Archives*

To cite a card within one of the specific collections mentioned above please show the relevant eight digit accession number:  *Student card for (name), xxxx.xxxx University of Melbourne Archives*

A guide to symbols and abbreviations on the cards:

- P = Passed
- P E (capital ‘E’ smaller than the ‘P’) – meaning unknown
- N = Failed
- Abs = Absent (did not sit examination)
- W = Passed well (only used in matriculation results)
- H = Passed with Honours
  - H1 = First Class Honours; H2 = Second Class Honours;
  - H2A, H2B = Second Class Honours, A or B Division; H3 = Third Class Honours
- Cl. = (placed on the Class List -Passed with Honours)
- S/s = Single subject enrolment (not part of the candidate’s degree program)
- CS = Civil Service Examination, which ran in conjunction with the matric examination from c.1870
- Enrolment number, e.g. 18780026 = 26th person enrolled in 1878; later, only the last two digits of the year were entered, e.g. 050026
- Matriculation Roll number, e.g. 30 = thirtieth person to sign the matriculation roll
- Matriculation Roll date = Date signed, not the date on which qualified to matriculate. The roll was usually signed when the person enrolled as an undergraduate at University. The matriculation rolls are collection 1992.0107 and may be accessed by request.
- ‘Remarks’ section on obverse, below date of signing Matric roll, may contain something like ‘4th Term 1904’: the date when the person completed the requirements to be eligible to matriculate.
- Number on degree line, e.g. B.A. 35 = 35th person to be awarded a Bachelor of Arts degree from Melbourne
- ‘Ordinary Examination’ = not an Honours Examination
- ‘C.R.T.S.’ = Commonwealth Reconstruction Training Scheme [a scheme initiated during WWII to provide financial assistance to ex-service and other students starting or returning to university studies, especially in the immediate postwar years]
- ‘C.T.’ (as in ‘B.A. as C.T.’) means Certificated Teacher of the Education Department (and subject to certain Regulations, to be found in University Calendars)

Abbreviations of sources referred to in the Remarks section include:
- ‘Cl. Min.’ = Council minutes
- ‘PB Min’ or ‘PB’ = Professorial Board minutes
- Fac. Min. = faculty minutes

Subject name abbreviations

There is a large number of these, most are self-explanatory. Full subject names can be found in the Calendar for each year. Search online for ‘University of Melbourne Calendar collection 1858-‘ [https://digitised-collections.unimelb.edu.au](https://digitised-collections.unimelb.edu.au)
Degree and diploma titles are generally abbreviated
For example, B.A. = Bachelor of Arts

Higher degrees

The detail on student cards is primarily about coursework degrees at Undergraduate level. Higher degrees undertaken principally by research, such as Masters and Doctorate may only be recorded on the card with a date for conferral. If you wish to find a copy of a person’s thesis, please consult https://minerva-access.unimelb.edu.au/. Not all theses are included in the catalogue – contact staff in the Reading Room for assistance reading-room@unimelb.edu.au

ad eundem and honoris causa degrees

A degree ad eundem (of the same rank) recognises qualifications earnt elsewhere and confers academic standing. The notation ‘a.e.g’ on student cards refers to this recognition.

Honorary degrees and other honors gained after graduation are rarely noted on student cards. Usually considered as an award, an honorary degree is given without any of the usual requirements. Typically a doctorate or, less commonly, a master’s degree, these degrees are known by the phrases honoris causa (for the sake of the honour) or ad honorem (to the honour).

All honorary degrees awarded by the University of Melbourne are listed here: https://about.unimelb.edu.au/notable-alumni-staff/honorary-degree-holders.

Finding further information about ad eundem and honoris causa degrees

University of Melbourne. Council Minutes (UM174) record the proposals for both ad eundem and honoris causa degrees and the volumes up to 1901 can be found online by searching 1993.0044 or UM174 in the digitised items search box here: https://archives.unimelb.edu.au/.

1992.0107 University of Melbourne. Students’ Records Office vols 1-3: degrees granted ad eundem from the 1850s to 1944

1997.0063 Ad Eundem. Extracts from Minutes 1 volume. Extracts from minutes of Professorial Board February 1855 - December 1861 and from minutes of Council February 1856 - March 1895, concerning Ad Eundem degrees: applications, decisions, statutes etc. From p.501 are notes on various universities, what courses are recognized, etc

2000.0191 Faculty of Veterinary Science (UM568). In October 1964 the Veterinary Science Faculty established a Credentials Committee to consider ad eundem applications and evaluate credits sought for previous subjects. It comprised the Dean, ex officio, plus three other members. This accession is comprised of Credentials Committee minutes, 1967-19

Guide prepared by Reference Service, University of Melbourne Archives
Contact us by email: archives@archives.unimelb.edu.au

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